INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL BURAIDAH MATHS-XI/WS /CONIC SECTIONS/2024-25

1-Find the centre and radius of the circle whose equation $3x^2 + 3y^2 + 6x - 4y - 1 = 0$ Ans: centre (-1,2/3) and radius = 4/3

2-Find the equation of a circle with centre (-1, 2) and radius 4

Ans: $x^2 + v^2 + 2x - 4v - 11 = 0$ 3-Find the equation of the circle passing through (0,0) and making intercepts 5 and 7 on coordinate Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - 5x - 7y = 0$ axes. 4-Find the equation of the circle which passes through (2,-2) and (3,4) and whose centre lies on the Ans: $(x - 0.7)^2 + (y - 1.3)^2 = 12.58$ line x + y = 2

5-Find the coordinate of focus and length of latus rectum of the parabola $3y^2 = 8x$ Ans: focus (2/3,0) LR: 8/3

6-Find the co-ordinate of the vertices, foci, eccentricity and length of latus rectum of the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{25} - \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$ Ans: $e:\frac{\sqrt{29}}{5}, LR: 8/5, vertices: (\pm 5, 0), foci: (\pm \sqrt{29}, 0)$ 7- Find the co-ordinate of the foci, the vertices, the length of the major axis, the minor axis, the

eccentricity and the length of the latus rectum of the ellipse

 $\frac{x^2}{36} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$

Ans : foci : $(\pm\sqrt{20}, 0)$, vertices $(\pm 6, 0)$, length of major axis : 12, length of minor axis : 8 $e:\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$, length of latus rectum : 16/3

8-Find the equation of parabola whose vertex (0,0), passing through (5,2) and symmetric with respect to Y-axis. Ans: $2x^2 = 25y$

9-Find the equation of ellipse that satisfies the given conditions ;Length of minor axis is 16 and foci $Ans: \frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{100} = 1$ $(0, \pm 6)$

10-Find the equation of ellipse whose eccentricity is $\frac{2}{3}$, latus rectum is 5 and the centre is (0,0)

Ans; $\frac{4x^2}{21} + \frac{y^2}{45} = 1$

11-Find the equation of hyperbola with eccentricity $\frac{3}{2}$ and foci (± 2 , 0)

Ans: $:\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{y^2}{5} = \frac{4}{9}$

12-If the lines 2x - 3y = 5 and 3x - 4y = 7 are the diameter of a circle of area 154 square units, then obtain the equation of the cicle.

Ans: :
$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 2y = 47$$

13-Find the eccentricity of the hyperbola : $9v^2 - 4x^2 = 36$

Ans: $\frac{\sqrt{13}}{2}$

14-An equilateral triangle is inscribed in the parabola $y^2 = 4\alpha x$, where one vertex is at the vertex of the parabola, Find the side of the triangle

Ans: $8\sqrt{3}a$

15-An arc is in the form of a semi -ellipse. It is 8 m wide and 2 m high at the centre. Find the height of the arch at a point 1.5 m from one end.

Ans: 1.56 m