

# International Indian School Buraidah

## Worksheet for the Academic Year 2023-24

CLASS: X

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

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### Determiners –

Determiners are those words that precede a noun to refer to something particular/specific. The different categories such as articles, demonstratives, quantifiers and many others.

- Determiners are words used before a noun to indicate the group of things or people under discussion.
- These include the words ‘a’, ‘the’, ‘my’, ‘this’, ‘some’, and ‘many’.
- For example, He is a smart boy. In this sentence, ‘a’ is a determiner. It gives us the idea that the statement is based on a single boy.

### KINDS OF DETERMINERS

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#### Pre-Determiners

- The words which occur before a determiner to limit the meaning of a noun are called pre-determiners.
- These include half, all, both, double, twice, quite, and rather.
- He will consume **half** of the meal.
- **All** the girls joined the race.
- He drank **half** of the drink.
- **All** of them were enlightenment.
- The seminar was attended by **half** of the class.

#### Articles

- Articles denote the specificity of a noun.
- There are two types, the definite and the indefinite article.
- ‘The’ is the definite article whereas ‘a’ and ‘an’ are the indefinite articles.
- The definite article is used before any common noun, specific things or people.

- The parent would like to meet the principal.
- Sonu threw the bat into the garbage
- The students were not in the class.
- The Taj Mahal is a marvellous creation.
- The tourists visited the monument.
- The indefinite articles, 'a', 'an' are used before general and indefinite things.
- The article 'a' is used before the words which begin with a consonant or consonant sound and 'an' is used before the words beginning with vowel or vowel sounds.
- The girl bought an appl from the market.
- Ram is an Indian.
- He had an umbrella to protect himself from the heat.
- Sam is an honest man.
- Sheela is a smart lady.

### **Demonstratives**

- The words that are used to talk about persons or things that have already been mentioned are referred to as demonstratives.
- These include this, these, that, those.
- Somu bought this stationery.
- These cats are cute.
- Those puppies are adorable.
- I met my manager this week.

### **Possessives**

- These words are used to show the possession of an object by the subject.
- These include my, mine, hers, his our, your, his, her, its, and their.
- He is my friend.
- She is my teacher.
- Ram is our boss.
- This is her pet.

- They love their family.

### **Ordinals**

- The words that show the positions in a series are called ordinals.
- These include, first, second, next, and last.
- I'll call you next.
- You've secured the first position in the competition.
- He sits on the last bench.
- She was the first person who came to my rescue.

### **Cardinals**

- Cardinals show the number. These are ordinary numbers like one, two, or three.
- There were only five girls.
- The library has around a thousand books.
- The museum has a fossil that is five thousand years old.
- He has ten collections.
- She lived in this house for twenty years.

### **Quantifiers**

- The words that refer to the number of things or amount of something are called quantifiers.
- These include much, some, several, a lot of, both, and all.
- Some people were waiting for you.
- He has enough of his pet.
- She drank a lot of beet juice.
- There was sufficient food for all people.

### **Distributives**

each, every, either, neither.

- The words that refer to every single member of a group are called distributive determiners.
- These include each, every, neither, either.
- He interacted with each student.

- I agree with every word of my friend.
- Each complaint will be addressed.
- Either of the parents has to attend the meeting.
- Neither of the answers is correct.

### Interrogatives

- The words used for asking questions are called interrogative determiners.
- These include what, which, and whose.
- Whose pen is this?
- Which is your sandal?
- What colour is your purse?
- Which book are you studying?
- Whose bag is this?

Fill in the blanks with appropriate determiners from the given options.

1. Ramu is \_\_\_\_ honest man who runs \_\_\_\_ small shop around the corner. (a, a / an, a)
2. Have you seen \_\_\_\_ Taj Mahal? It is one of the seven wonders of the world. (the, a)
3. Are \_\_\_\_ your books? Can you share them with me? (these/this)
4. Do you have \_\_\_\_ buns left? I need to buy \_\_\_\_\_. (any/few, some/several)
5. \_\_\_\_ of the students got \_\_\_\_ chocolates from the teacher. (each,some / each, any)
6. Is \_\_\_\_ book Alisha's? I found it lying on the floor. (this/that)
7. \_\_\_\_ of the boys decided to visit \_\_\_\_ Selfish Giant's garden when he wasn't around. (enough,a / some,the)
8. Do \_\_\_\_ of you like pizza? I thought of ordering \_\_\_\_\_. (any,some / some, one)
9. \_\_\_\_ of the boys were quarrelling over \_\_\_\_ toy. (both,the / each, the)
10. \_\_\_\_ car met with \_\_\_\_ accident nearby. (the,an / a,a)