INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL BURAIDAH

Worksheet for the Academic Year 2023-24

CLASS: X SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS DATE: 04-09-2023 LESSON:5 –ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION

Level 1:

1.	The common difference of AP $\frac{1}{p}, \frac{1-p}{p}, \frac{1-2p}{p}$	(Ans:d= -1)	
2.	A sequence is defined by $a_n = n^3 - 6n^2 + 11n - 6$. Find the first 3 terms of the		
	sequence. (A	ns: $a_1 = a_2 = a_3 = 0$)	
3.	The value of x for which $2x$, $x+10$ and $3x+2$ are the three consecutive		
	terms of an AP	(Ans:6)	
4.	What is the next term of an A.P $\sqrt{7}$, $\sqrt{28}$, $\sqrt{63}$	(Ans: $\sqrt{112}$)	
5.	What is the common difference of an A.P in which a_{18} - a_{14} =32		
		(Ans: d=8)	
6.	Show that $(a-b)^2$, $(a^2 + b^2)$, $(a+b)^2$ are in AP		
7.	7. The 4^{th} term from the end of the AP -11, -8, -5,		
		(Ans:40)	
8. The sum of first n terms of an AP is $5n - n^2$. Find the n^{th} term of the AP			
		$(Ans:a_n = -2(n-3))$	
9.	9. In an AP of 50 terms, the sum of the first 10 terms is 210 and the sum of its		
	last 15 terms is 2565.Find the AP (A)	ns: 3,7,11,)	
10. The sum of the first three terms of an AP is 33. If the product of first and third term exceeds the second term by 29, find the AP			
11	(Ans: 2,1) The sum of the $F^{th} \in O^{th}$ terms of on A D is 72 and the	1,20 OK 20,11,2)	
11	is 07. Find the AP (A)	sum of $7^{11} \approx 12^{11}$ term	
	$15 \ 77.1 \ \text{mu uc Ar} \tag{A}$	us. 0,11,10,21)	
12. If the p^{th} term of an AP is q and the q^{th} term of an AP is p. Prove that its n^{th} term is $(p+q-n)$			

13. If m times the m^{th} term of an AP is equal to the n times of its n^{th} term. Show that the $(m + n)^{th}$ term of the AP is zero

Level 2:

14. Which term of the AP 20,19 $\frac{1}{4}$, 18 $\frac{1}{2}$,17 $\frac{3}{4}$,....is the first negative term? (Ans: 28th term)

- 15.Find the sum of all 11 terms of an AP, whose middle most term is 30
- (Ans: 330) 16.If the ratio of the 11th term of an AP to its 18th term is 2:3, find the ratio of the sum of first 5 terms to the sum of its first 10 terms (Ans: 6:17)
- 17. If the m^{th} term of an AP is $\frac{1}{n}$ and the n^{th} term is $\frac{1}{m}$. Show that the sum of mn terms is $\frac{1}{2}$ (mn+1)
- 18. The ratio of the sum of m & n terms of an AP is m²: n². Show that the ratio of the m^{th} & n^{th} term is(2m-1) : (2n-1)
- 19. Solve the equation 1+4+7+10...x = 287 (Ans: x=40)
