## CLASS: X SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS DATE: 04-09-2023 LESSON:5 -ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION

## Level 1:

1. The common difference of AP $\frac{1}{p}, \frac{1-p}{p}, \frac{1-2 p}{p} \ldots \ldots$. (Ans:d=-1)
2. A sequence is defined by $a_{n}=n^{3}-6 n^{2}+11 n-6$. Find the first 3 terms of the sequence.
(Ans: $a_{1}=a_{2}=a_{3}=0$ )
3. The value of x for which $2 \mathrm{x}, \mathrm{x}+10$ and $3 \mathrm{x}+2$ are the three consecutive terms of an AP
(Ans:6)
4. What is the next term of an A.P $\sqrt{ } 7, \sqrt{ } 28, \sqrt{ } 63$ (Ans: $\sqrt{112}$ )
5. What is the common difference of an A.P in which $a_{18}-a_{14}=32$ (Ans: $\mathrm{d}=8$ )
6. Show that $(a-b)^{2},\left(a^{2}+b^{2}\right),(a+b)^{2}$ are in AP
7. The $4^{\text {th }}$ term from the end of the AP $-11,-8,-5, \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .49$ is
(Ans:40)
8. The sum of first n terms of an AP is $5 \mathrm{n}-\mathrm{n}^{2}$. Find the $n^{\text {th }}$ term of the AP (Ans: $a_{n}=-2(\mathrm{n}-3)$ )
9. In an AP of 50 terms, the sum of the first 10 terms is 210 and the sum of its last 15 terms is 2565 . Find the AP
(Ans: $3,7,11, \ldots \ldots$. $)$
10.The sum of the first three terms of an AP is 33 . If the product of first and third term exceeds the second term by 29 , find the AP
(Ans: 2,11,20 OR 20,11,2)
11.The sum of the $5^{\text {th }} \& 9^{\text {th }}$ terms of an AP is 72 and the sum of $7^{\text {th }} \& 12^{\text {th }}$ term is 97 . Find the AP
12.If the $p^{t h}$ term of an AP is $q$ and the $q^{t h}$ term of an AP is $p$. Prove that its $n^{\text {th }}$ term is $(\mathrm{p}+\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{n})$
13.If $m$ times the $m^{t h}$ term of an AP is equal to the n times of its $n^{t h}$ term. Show that the $(m+n)^{t h}$ term of the AP is zero

## Level 2:

14. Which term of the AP $20,19 \frac{1}{4}, 18 \frac{1}{2}, 17 \frac{3}{4}, \ldots \ldots$ is the first negative term?
(Ans: $28^{\text {th }}$ term)
15.Find the sum of all 11 terms of an AP, whose middle most term is 30
(Ans: 330)
16.If the ratio of the $11^{\text {th }}$ term of an AP to its $18^{\text {th }}$ term is $2: 3$, find the ratio of the sum of first 5 terms to the sum of its first 10 terms
(Ans: 6:17)
17.If the $m^{\text {th }}$ term of an AP is $\frac{1}{n}$ and the $n^{\text {th }}$ term is $\frac{1}{m}$. Show that the sum of mn terms is $\frac{1}{2}(\mathrm{mn}+1)$
15. The ratio of the sum of $m \& n$ terms of an AP is $m^{2}$ : $n^{2}$. Show that the ratio of the $m^{\text {th }} \& n^{\text {th }}$ term is $(2 \mathrm{~m}-1):(2 \mathrm{n}-1)$
16. Solve the equation $1+4+7+10 \ldots \ldots . x=287$
