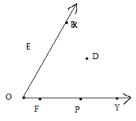
INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL BURAIDAH Worksheet for the Academic Year 2023-24 CLASS : 6 SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS LESSON – 4 : Basic Geometrical Ideas

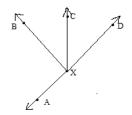
1. Fill in the blanks.

- 1. A line is made up of <u>2</u> points.
- 2. In a line segment XY, the points X & Y are called the <u>end</u> points of the segments.
- 3. One & the only one line can be drawn through <u>2</u> points.
- 4. <u>Parallel</u> lines do not intersect each other.
- 5. The curve which does not cross itself is called <u>simple curve</u>.
- 6. A closed figure made up of line segments is called a <u>polygon</u>.
- 7. A polygon with the least no. of sides is called a <u>triangle</u>.

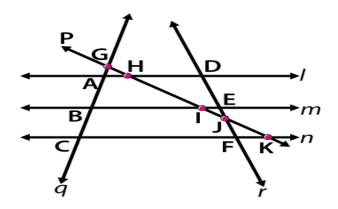
2. Answer the following questions based on the given figure.



- 1. \Box XOY is an ____.
- 2. _____is the vertex of $\Box XOY$.
- 3. OX & OY are called the _____.
- 4. ____, ___&___are the points on the $\ \ XOY$.
- 5. The point _____ lie on the interior of $\Box XOY$.
- 6. The point ______ is on the exterior of $\Box XOY$.
- 3. From the figure, name any four rays:



4. From Fig. 10.21, write



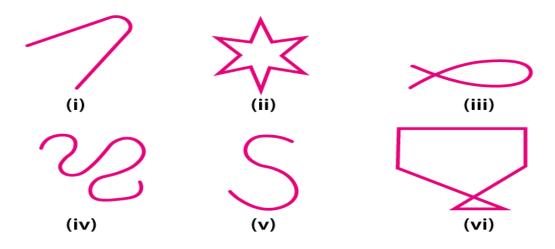
- (i) all pairs of parallel lines.
- (ii) all pairs of intersecting lines.
- (iii) lines whose point of intersection is I.
- (iv) lines whose point of intersection is D.
- (v) lines whose point of intersection is E.
- (vi) lines whose point of intersection is A.

Solution:

(i) All pairs of parallel lines are (l, m); (m, n); (l, n).

(ii) All pairs of intersecting lines are (l, p); (m, p); (l, r); (m, r); (n, r); (p, r); (l, q); (m, q); (n, q); (q, p); (q, r).

- (iii) Lines whose point of intersection is I are m, p.
- (iv) Lines whose point of intersection is D are l, r.
- (v) Lines whose point of intersection is E are m, r.
- (vi) Lines whose point of intersection is A are l, q.
 - 5. Classify the following curves as open or closed:



- 6. Answer the following questions.
- i) Is ABCDEF a polygon?
- ii) How many sides does it have? Name them also?

