# INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL BURAIDAH 

Worksheet for the Academic Year 2023-24
CLASS: 6 SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS
LESSON - 4 : Basic Geometrical Ideas

## 1. Fill in the blanks.

1. A line is made up of 2 points.
2. In a line segment $X Y$, the points $X \& Y$ are called the__ end points of the segments.
3. One \& the only one line can be drawn through__2 points.
4. Parallel lines do not intersect each other.
5. The curve which does not cross itself is called simple curve .
6. A closed figure made up of line segments is called a polygon.
7. A polygon with the least no. of sides is called a triangle .
8. Answer the following questions based on the given figure.

9. $\llcorner\mathrm{XOY}$ is an $\qquad$ .
10. $\qquad$ is the vertex of $\llcorner\mathrm{XOY}$.
11. OX \& OY are called the $\qquad$ .
12. $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$ are the points on the $\llcorner\mathrm{XOY}$.
13. The point $\qquad$ lie on the interior of $\llcorner\mathrm{XOY}$.
14. The point $\qquad$ is on the exterior of $\llcorner\mathrm{XOY}$.

## 3. From the figure, name any four rays:



[^0]
(i) all pairs of parallel lines.
(ii) all pairs of intersecting lines.
(iii) lines whose point of intersection is I.
(iv) lines whose point of intersection is $\mathbf{D}$.
(v) lines whose point of intersection is $\mathbf{E}$.
(vi) lines whose point of intersection is A .

## Solution:

(i) All pairs of parallel lines are (1, m); (m, n); ( $1, n$ ).
(ii) All pairs of intersecting lines are (l, p); (m, p); (n, p); (1, r); (m, r); (n, r); (p, r); (l, q); (m, q); (n, q); (q, p); (q, r).
(iii) Lines whose point of intersection is I are $m, p$.
(iv) Lines whose point of intersection is D are l , r .
(v) Lines whose point of intersection is E are m , r .
(vi) Lines whose point of intersection is A are 1, q.
5. Classify the following curves as open or closed:

(i)

(iv)

(ii)

(v)

(iii)

6. Answer the following questions.
i) Is ABCDEF a polygon?
ii) How many sides does it have? Name them also?



[^0]:    4. From Fig. 10.21, write
