INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL-BURAIDAH

CLASS VIII TERM1/ SAUDI HISTORY CULTURE/ WORKSHEET

I.FILL IN THE BLANKS :-

- 1. Dammam No 7 was the first large oil reservoirs discovered.
- 2. Zakat is the third pillar of Islam.
- 3. Fasting / Sawm is the fourth pillar of Islam.
- 4. In December 2005 Saudi Arabia joined World Trade Organization (WTO)
- 5. Hajj is the fifth pillar of Islam.
- 6. Saudi Arabia is one of the fastest growing Countries in the world with a high per capita income of \$23,429 (2009) A.D.
- 7. An Off shore field is an Oil field found beneath the Sea.
- 8. Yathrib or Al Madina Al-Munawwarah was the original name of Madinah.
- 9. Jeddah is the principal gateway to Makkah, Islam's Holiest city.
- 10. The name Riyadh is derived from the plural of the Arabic word Rawdha, which means Garden.
- 11. Jeddah was founded over 2,500 years ago.
- 12. Dammam port is one of the largest on the Arabian Gulf.
- 13. An On Shore field is an oil field found beneath the land.

II.ANSWER THE FOLLOWING ONE MARK QUESTIONS:-

1. Who was the first Imam?

Ans: - Muhammad bin saud was the first Imam .

/ 2.Wnat was the first Saudi Capital ?

Ans: Diriyyah was the first Saudi Capital.

· 3. When was the kingdom of Saudi Arabia established?

Ans:- The kingdom of Saudi Arabia was established on September 23,1932 A.D.

/4. When didi the king Abdul Aziz die?

Ans:- King Abdul Aziz died in November 9, 1953 A.D.

5. How old was king Abdul Aziz when he re-captured Riyadh?

Ans:- He was 26 years old when he re-captured Riyadh.

6. When was Oil discovered in Saudi Arabia?

Ans:- Oil was discovered in Saudi Arabia in 1938 A.D.

7. What is the Saudi most important product?

Ans:- petroleum is the Saudi most important product.

8 What is the huge pipeline in Saudi Arabia called ?

Ans: The huge pipeline in Saudi Arabia called TrAns: - Arabian pipeline .

III. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING TWO MARK QUESTIONS :-

1. What is Refinery and Name four oil products?

Ans:- A Refinery is a plant where oil is turned into several different products. Products that are formed from the refinery processing the crude oil.

- 1.Car petrol
- 2.Jet fuel
- 3.Diesel
- 4. Asphalt are the four oil products
- 2. Where are population Centers in Saudi Arabia?

Ans:- Population Centers are mainly located along the eastern and western coasts and densely populated interior oases such as Hofuf and Buraydah.

In some extended areas, primarily the Rub al - Khali and the Arabian Desert, there is no population.

3. What are the main physical features of Saudi Arabia?

Ans:- Saudi Arabia can be divided into four natural regions. These are the mountainous western highlands, the rocky central plateau, the more fertile eastern low lying coastal plain, and the sandy desert areas of the north, east and south.

4.In which year the country was named the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia?

Ans:- On September 23, 1932 A.D, the country was named the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. It is an Islamic State with Arabic as its national language and the holy Quran as its constitution.

5. What is Shariah in Islam?

Ans:- Shariah is an Islamic Religious law that governs not only religious rituals but also aspects of day to day life in Islam.

In Saudi Arabia the Quran is the Constitution which is governed on the basis of Shariah (Islamic law).

6. Which king was able to expel EgyptiAns:- forces from Riyadh?

Ans:- In 1824 A.D., Turki bin Abdallah was able to expel EgyptiAns:- forces from Riyadh. Turki bin Abdallah is generally regarded as the founder of the second Saudi dynasty. Turki bin Abdallah ruled for eleven years.

IV. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING THREE MARK OUESTIONS :-

1. What is Salah?

Ans:-:- Salah (prayer) is the second pillar of Islam. Each muslim is required to pray five times a day at certain times. The rising and setting of sun dictate the times. Each muslim must perform this prayer facing Al-Kaaba in the Holy city of Makkah. Al-Kaaba is the symbol of the house of Allah. When praying all muslims must face this Holy Kaaba from every where they are in the world.

2.Explain Zakat?

Ans:-:- Zakat is the third pillar of Islam. This is a tax calculated by how much wealth a muslim has. The word Zakat meAns:- purification and growth. Every muslim will work out his own Zakat and it is based on all surplus wealth and earnings of the muslim. The payment of zakat occurs once a year. The amount Of Zakat is calculated by taking 2.5 % of all savings and wealth.

3. Explain the Contributions of king Abdul Aziz Bin Saud?

Ans:-:- In 1902 A.D at the age of only 26, Abdul Aziz bin Saud re—captured Riyadh from the rival Al Rashid family. Continuing his conquests. Abdul Aziz subdued Al-Hasa, Al-Qatif, the rest of the country. In 1926 A.D Abdul Aziz bin Saud became the king of Hejaz .In 1972 A.D he took the tiltle king of Nejd . In 1932 A.D , the regions of Al-Hasa, Qatif, Nejd and Hejaz were unified to form the kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

4. How did Saudi ARAMCO started?

Ans:- Oil was discoverd in Saudi Arabia in the 1930 A.D. In 1933 A.D. King Abdul Aziz signed an agreement with an oil company from America called The Standard Oil Company of California to search for oil within the country This company then became Aramco. The first discovery was made after five years of exploration. It was discovered by ARAMCO on a hill called Jabal Adh Dhahran (Dhahran Mountain).

5. Explain the fourth pillar of Islam?

Ans:- The fourth pillar of Islam is fasting (Sawm). This happens every year in the month of Ramadan. At this time, all Muslims fast from light to sunset. During this time they must not eat or drink. There are some people who donot have to fast. These are Muslims who are travelling, Sick, Pregnant, or nursing babies. However, the same number of days missed must be made up later in the year. If they are not able to, they must feed a needy person for every day they have missed. Fasting helps a Muslim to remember Allah and the suffering poor and needy people.

V. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING FOUR MARK QUESTIONS:-

1.Explain Hajj the fifth pillar of Islam?

Ans:- The fifth and final pillar of Islam is Hajj, the pilgrimage. It is compulsory for all Muslims who are physically fit and are financially able to do Hajj once in their life time. Hajj is the pilgrimage to Makkah. It includes the visiting and circling of Al – Kaaba in the Holy mosque of Makkah. Al – Kabbah is the first house built on earth for the worshipping of Allah. It also includes hastening between the hills of As- Safa and Al - Marwa and standing on the Mount of Arafat. Muslims all over the world come to Saudi Arabia to perform Hajj. Every year over two And half million Muslims flock in Makkah to perform the fifth pillar of Islam. During Hajj, pilgrims wear special white clothes which show that all mankind are equal.

2. Explain the Economy and Global Trade of Saudi Arabia?

Ans:- Petroleum is an integral part of the Saudi economy. Saudi Arabia is the worlds largest producer and Exporter of Oil. In recent decades, the Kingdom has increasingly diversified its Economy. Today, it produces and exports a variety of Industrial goods all over the globe. The government has an essential role in industrial and economic development. The ministry of Economy and Planning formulates economic and social development plAns:- that set long-term economic goals. The private sector is playing a larger role in the Saudi Economy. It is expected to continue growing, especially as Saudi Arabia opens its doors further to Foreign investment.